Introduced by Assembly Member DeVore

February 23, 2007

An act relating to environmental quality.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1096, as introduced, DeVore. California Environmental Quality Act.

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report on a project, as defined, that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment, as defined, or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also generally requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA provides some exemptions from its requirements for specified projects.

This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to declare a "CEQA Holiday" exemption from CEQA for a period of 5 years for the construction of agricultural employee housing, affordable housing, and urban infill housing projects.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

- (1) Article 6 (commencing with Section 21159.20) of Chapter 4.5 of Division 13 of the Public Resources Code, which was enacted in 2002, by Senate Bill 1925, exempts from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA; Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code) a residential project located on an infill site within an urbanized area, that meets specified criteria. The stated intent of the Legislature in enacting those provisions, included "creating a streamlined procedure for agricultural employee housing, affordable housing, and urban infill housing projects that do not have an adverse effect on the environment."
- (2) Section 21152.1 of the Public Resources Code, which was enacted by Assembly Bill 677 in 2003, requires a local agency or specified person, when the local agency determines that a project is exempt from CEQA for certain reasons, and it approves or determines to carry out the project, to file notice of the determination with the Office of Planning and Research.
- (3) As of January 22, 2007, the Office of Planning and Research has recorded one exemption as being filed as a result of Section 21152.1 of the Public Resources Code, under the "streamlined procedure for agricultural employee housing, affordable housing, and urban infill housing projects."
- (b) Because the streamlined procedures enacted by the legislation specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) have not resulted in appreciable construction of shelter, it is the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation declaring a "CEQA Holiday" exemption from the California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code), for a period of five years, for the construction of agricultural employee housing, affordable housing, and urban infill housing projects.